

Response of Different Organic Sources of Nutrients on Growth and Yield of Basmati RiceSuneel Kumar^{1*}, B.P. Dhyani¹, U.P. Shahi¹, Omkar Singh¹, Vaishali Singh¹

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ABSTRACT

The field experiment was conducted at Crop Research Centre of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel University of Agriculture & Technology, Meerut (U.P.) during *kharif* season 2022 and 2023. The experiment was conducted under RBD design with ten nutrient management treatments *viz.* T₁: Control, T₂: Recommended dose of fertilizers NPK (120:60:40), T₃: 50 % N through Dhaicha + 25% N through FYM + 25% N through Vermicompost, T₄: 50 % N through Dhaicha + 25% N through FYM + 25% N through Vermicompost + Consortia + Biostimulant, T₅: 25 % N through Dhaicha + 25% N through FYM + 50 % N through Vermicompost, T₆: 25 % N through Dhaicha + 25% N through FYM + 50 % N through Vermicompost + Consortia + Biostimulant, T₇: 1/3 N through Dhaicha + 1/3 N through FYM + 1/3 N through Vermicompost, T₈: 1/3 N through Dhaicha + 1/3 N through FYM + 1/3 N through Vermicompost + Consortia + Biostimulant, T₉: 50 % N through FYM + 50 % N through Vermicompost, and T₁₀: 50 % N through FYM + 50 % N through Vermicompost + Consortia + Biostimulant. On the basis of pooled data, the yield attributes characters like: plant height, dry matter accumulation, number of effective tillers was found under treatment T₂ (Chemical fertilizer 120:60:40). Similarly, yield attributing characters such as panicle length (27.61 cm), filled grain per panicle (72.57), 1000 grain weight (27.38 g) were recorded maximum under (Recommended dose of fertilizers, NPK :120:60:40) and found at par with 50 % N through Dhaicha + 25% N through FYM + 25% N through Vermicompost + Consortia + Biostimulant (T₄). Highest grain yield (39.44 q/ha) and straw yield (64.47 q/ha) was recorded under RDF followed by treatment T₄, and T₃ during both the years of experimentation.

Keywords: Basmati Rice, RDF, Dhaicha, V.C, FYM, growth and yields

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